

BOARD OF TRADE.

Regular February Meeting Thursday Evening.

SUBSCRIPTIONS ARE ALL IN.

Money Collected for Various Massillon Industries Has Been Received and Paid Over to Interested Parties—Opposition to the Abandonment of the Ohio Canal—Committees for 1902.

The regular February meeting of the board of trade was held in the mayor's court room Thursday evening with a fair attendance. A letter was read by Secretary Jones stating that one of the window glass projects submitted at the last meeting had been abandoned. A communication was also submitted from parties in the East interested in the manufacture of automatic screw machines stating that they wished to move further West and desired additional capital. The letter was referred to the committee on new enterprises.

H. C. Brown, chairman of the banquet committee reported that sub-committees had been appointed but that they had been unable thus far to make satisfactory arrangements as to place and speakers. The committee hoped to be able soon to make a definite announcement as to the time and place for the banquet.

President Ricks reported that subscriptions for different Massillon industries which had been in process of collection for some time had all been received and paid over to the interested parties.

It was stated that an effort was being made in the general assembly to secure the abandonment of the Ohio canal. It was believed that such action would be detrimental to the interests of the city and upon motion of Mr. Gates, seconded by Mr. Silk, the secretary was instructed to write to the senator and representatives of Stark county stating that the Massillon board of trade was decidedly opposed to abandoning the section of the canal between Massillon and Cleveland and asking them to use their influence to prevent any such proposed legislation. The following committees were announced for 1902, after which the board adjourned:

COMMITTEES.

Arbitration—Z. T. Baltzly, Robert H. Day, W. E. N. Hemperly, Paul Kirchhofer, Dr. Maurice Smith.

Public Improvements—C. M. Russell, G. C. Haverstack, Walter H. Allman, Louis A. Koons, Dr. Seth Hattery, Frank B. Silk.

Railroads and Transportation—Wm. B. Humberger, Herbert Croxson, David Reed, Frank F. Taggart, Frank G. Harrison.

New Enterprises—Charles A. Gates, Jacob F. Snyder, J. W. McClymonds, Henry C. Diehlmann, J. W. Foltz, A. J. Ellery.

Finance—James H. Hunt, Horace C. Brown, Fred Hookway, Fred H. Snyder, George Snyder.

Manufacturing—James C. Corns, W. R. Harrison, John W. Schuster, John Silk, Charles F. Snyder, J. C. Haring.

Local Mercantile Interests—George Goodhart, Jacob Wise, W. D. Benedict, S. F. Weller, A. J. Miller, Louis P. Schimke, L. J. Vogt, C. J. Duncan, A. J. Paul.

Real Estate—G. Louis Albrecht, J. C. F. Putman, Clarence M. McLain, A. W. Inman, W. S. Spidle, B. F. Weiler.

Statistics—E. F. Bahney, Dr. T. J. Reed, H. G. Dewoese, William Jones, Per Lee Hunt.

Legislation—Anthony Howells, J. M. Schluckers, E. E. Fox, Theodore Geltz, Aaron Rubright.

Produce and Grain—David Atwater, Charles L. McLain, Daniel Hemperly, M. Neal.

Membership—John E. Jones, Felix R. Shepley, H. V. Kramer, Edmund A. Jones.

Lumber—Frank A. Brown, J. F. Arnold, George W. Doll, H. Meuser, Jacob Graze W. F. Breed.

Taxation—D. T. Frank, William M. Reed, G. F. Schworm, John Shoemaker.

Streets and Pavements—Joseph Coleman, F. W. Arnold, Warren E. Russell, R. B. Crawford, Jr., Howard E. Lucas.

Telephones, Telegraphs and Electric Railways—H. H. Everhart, Albert Hess, D. C. Borton, Frederick Loeffler, T. Harvey Smith, W. L. Decker.

J. A. Lambert, of Rachel, N. C., writes: "I heartily endorse Foley's Kidney Cure. It does what you claim it will do, and there is nothing equal to it, and I thank you for the good it has done me." Accept no substitute. Rider & Snyder.

WOULD RUIN FARM.

That is Why \$20,000 is Asked for Right of Way.

The Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling Railway Company is seeking to compel the owners of the Warwick farm, south of town, to accept \$5,000 for the right of way through this land. The land is wanted to permit the straightening out of several kinks in the line between here and Justus. The case is to be heard by Judge Aungst and a jury Feb. 17. The Warwick farm is 600 acres in extent, and the land is held at about \$125 an acre. The course which it is proposed the railway shall follow is said to be diagonal, involving many deep cuts, and will almost ruin the property, which will be too much cut up for small farms. The owners ask \$20,000 for the right of way.

BELL IS PRESIDENT.

Assembly Has Semi-Annual Election Officers.

THANKS FOR PETER SMITH.

After Many Years as the Head of Organized Labor, Mr. Smith Returns to the Ranks—Broommakers to be Organized—Union Label Bill—Other Notes.

The Trades and Labor Assembly met Thursday evening. The meeting was largely attended. Delegates from the Brewery Workers' Union, Cigar-makers' Union, Glass Workers' Union, Iron Molders' Union No. 250 and the Plumbers' Union were installed.

The following officers for the ensuing six months were installed by President Peter Smith: Bernard Bell, president; H. B. Sibila, vice president; Nelson P. Maier, recording secretary; Jacob Levi, financial secretary; John T. Jenkins, corresponding secretary; John Evan, treasurer; H. H. Parnacott, sr., sergeant-at-arms.

Retiring President Smith made a brief address in which he thanked the assembly for the favors bestowed upon him. He congratulated the organization on the good work it had accomplished, and assured the delegates that he would always stand with them.

A vote of thanks was tendered Mr. Smith and Retiring Financial Secretary Nicholas Weltlich for their efficient work. Owing to the illness of President-elect Bell, Vice President H. B. Sibila assumed the duties of president and made a brief address in which he thanked the assembly for the honor conferred upon him.

Business Agent Maier was instructed to compile and have printed an official directory of the assembly, which will contain a list of all the unions affiliated, the names of delegates, officers, rules and regulations of the organization.

The bill recently introduced in the legislature, requiring the Typographical Union label on all state printing was unanimously endorsed by the assembly. Corresponding Secretary Jenkins was instructed to communicate with Senator Wilhelm and Representatives Pollock and Metzger asking them to use their influence in securing the passage of the bill.

Organizer Maier reported that an effort would be made to organize the broommakers of the city. He stated that he had the necessary application blanks, etc., and would meet parties interested at 10 o'clock Sunday morning in the assembly hall.

The trustees were instructed to lease the old G. A. R. hall, which adjoins the assembly hall. This will be used for banquets, smokers and other social occasions.

LIBRARY BOARD MEETS.

Old Officers Re-elected—Standing Committees Appointed.

The annual meeting of the board of trustees of the McClymonds public library was held in the library rooms Thursday afternoon. The old officers were re-elected as follows: President, J. W. McClymonds; vice president, Mrs. C. McCullough Everhard; secretary, C. A. Gates; treasurer, E. A. Jones. The standing committees appointed were: Finance, building and grounds—F. H. Snyder, J. C. Corns, C. A. Gates. Administration, rules and library supplies—Mrs. Everhard, C. A. Gates, E. A. Jones. Books and reading room supplies—E. A. Jones, Mrs. Helena R. Slosser, Mrs. Everhard. The president of the board is an ex-officio member of all standing committees.

A resolution from the Massillon Trades and Labor Assembly requesting that the library be kept open between 5:30 and 7 p. m. was referred to a committee.

A SLIGHT ADVANCE.

That Concession May be Made Miners.

BUT RUN-OF-THE-MINE NEVER.

Operator J. C. Haring, Who Returned Saturday from the Joint Conference, Predicts That the Mining Scale for the Coming Year Will Not Materially Differ from the Present One.

J. C. Haring, of the Pocock Coal Company, Friday, returned from Indianapolis, where he attended the joint conference of operators and miners of the competitive coal fields of Ohio, Indiana, Pennsylvania and Illinois. W. J. Mullins, of the Massillon Mining Company, will remain at Indianapolis till the conference closes. "At one juncture," said Mr. Haring, today, "it looked as if the conference would have to adjourn without an agreement, but when I left there were fair indications that by Saturday the two sides will have gotten together. The scale committee announced that its report would be ready by that time, and this would hardly have been done if there was not strong hope of an agreement."

Mr. Haring does not expect the wage scale to be adopted to differ materially from that now in effect. "The miners are making some demands that are entirely out of reason," remarked he, "and cannot be granted. If any concession at all is made, in my opinion, it will be a slight advance in the general mining rate. The run-of-mine system will never be allowed. It means the production of a coal that is marketable only in certain places and for certain purposes. The run-of-mine could never be successfully put into effect in this district, and the miners know it as well as the operators."

OBITUARY.

MRS. CATHERINE PANYARD.

Mrs. Catherine Panyard, 87 years of age, one of the oldest residents of Massillon, died Wednesday morning at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Sebastian Cole, corner of Erie and Charles streets. The deceased was not able to be out of the house during the past year. During that time she suffered from a complication of diseases which, incident to old age, were the cause of death. Mrs. Panyard was born near Belfort, France, in 1814. In 1837 she came to this country with her parents. They landed in New York and moved to Utica, N. Y., where in 1838 she was married to Peter Panyard, who was then a worker in the salt mines. After living at Utica for several years Mr. and Mrs. Panyard, accompanied by Mrs. Panyard's parents, moved to Massillon and she has resided in this vicinity ever since. Since the death of her husband Mrs. Panyard has made her home with her children, going from one home to another. They are Mrs. Sebastian Cole, Alfred Panyard, of this city, Amiel Panyard, of Muskegon, Mich., Joseph Panyard, of Hartford City, Ind., and Mrs. Emma Bowen, of Washington, D. C. She is also survived by twenty great grandchildren. Last summer the deceased, together with her daughter, granddaughter and great grandchild, had her photograph taken, which represented four generations. Mrs. William Shaffer, of Alliance, is a niece of the deceased.

REBECCA HOUK.

Mrs. Rebecca Houk, aged 73 years, died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Nicholas Frantz, 22 Jarvis avenue, Friday, of asthma. Mrs. Houk had been ill just one week. She is survived by the following children: William, George and John Houk, and Mrs. George Frailey of Tiffin, Joseph, Anthony and Gottfried Houk. Mrs. George Frantz and Mrs. Nicholas Frantz, of Massillon, and Mrs. Frantz of Canton. The funeral will be held Monday morning at 9 o'clock.

MRS. MARY ZEPP.

Mrs. Mary Zepp, whose death occurred Friday at her home in Strasburg, was well known in this city. Mrs. Zepp was about 60 years old. She leaves a husband and several children. Several relatives reside in Massillon.

NATHANIEL TOMBOW.

East Greenville, Feb. 8. Nathaniel Tombow, aged 58 years, died at his home here Saturday morning at 8 o'clock. Death was caused by pneumonia. Mr. Tombow was a veteran of the civil war.

Tried Five Doctors.

Mrs. Frances L. Sales, of Missouri Valley, La., writes: "I had severe kidney trouble for years, had tried five doctors without benefit, but three bottles of Foley's Kidney Cure cured me." Rider & Snyder.

NEW BRICK COMPANY.

Mr. Evans President, Mr. Segner Secretary-Treasurer.

The Massillon Brick Company, as the concern succeeding the W. G. Paul Company is known, completed its organization, Friday evening, by electing R. H. Evans, president; W. G. Jacobs, vice president; E. C. Segner secretary and treasurer; W. G. Paul, superintendent of works. These officers, with John A. Shoemaker, constitute the board of directors. The office of the company will be in the Oakland. The works are now in operation, and there is to be no cessation, the officers say.

SCALE IS ADOPTED.

Identical with That of Last Year.

MITCHELL ADVISES ACTION.

Illinois Operators Delayed Settlement by Contending for the Run-of-Mine System—National Officers All Favored Acceptance of the Old Scale.

Indianapolis, Feb. 8.—At the secret session last night, which lasted till an early hour this morning, the delegates of the United Mine Workers, acting upon the advice of their national officers, adopted the report of the joint scale committee made last night, which reaffirmed the scale of 1901 as a whole. The report was decided upon at a meeting of the committee held late Friday afternoon. President Mitchell called the meeting of the delegates and mine workers, and the meeting immediately went into executive session. When the report of the committee was read a minor quorum, and if the vote had been taken at that time the strong strike sentiment existing would have been manifested by an overwhelming vote to reject the report. At least twenty miners were on their feet at one time, demanding recognition from the chair. Mitchell called them to order and said: "I believe it would be suicidal for you at this time precipitately to do that which must inevitably tie up the mines of the country and entail suffering upon you and hundreds of thousands of other people. If, after calmly discussing this report, you decide to reject it and declare for a strike, I wish to assure you your national officers will stand by your action and do all in their power to make your action good. But I beseech you to consider wisely before doing that which you will surely regret in the future. I believe it is best that this report as read be adopted. I am honestly and firmly of the opinion that it will be for your best interests to adopt this report that reaffirms last year's scale."

Vice President Lewis also urged the adoption of the report as the most plausible and rational settlement of a complicated situation.

At the session Thursday night there would have been an agreement except for the expressed determination of the Illinois operators to force the run-of-mine system and the seven-cent differential on the other three competing states.

DEBATE ON LOCAL OPTION.

State Representative Metzger One of the Speakers.

The Richville Literary Society, for three hours, Friday evening, listened to a debate on "Resolved, That the Local option bill, now pending in the Ohio legislature, should become a law." State Representative Metzger and D. A. Rice affirmed the question. John Harmon and B. L. Ayers were on the negative side. There were no selected judges, each person present being asked to constitute himself his own judge.

The affirmative side argued along the constitutional rights and home-rule lines.

The negative brought forth all kinds of statistics to show that local option has proved a failure wherever tried, that in local option districts more liquor is consumed and there is more drunkenness than in the saloon districts. "If local option were put into effect in Massillon, for instance," said Mr. Ayers, "many glass bottle factories there, employing hundreds of men, would have to shut down if Massillon were a dry town. Why? Because no brewer would buy the product of a local option place. And thus a great injury would be worked to an entire community."

Piles of People.

Testify to the merit of Banner Salve in curing piles. It immediately relieves and quickly cures. No other salve so healing. Rider & Snyder.

BANQUET AT THE BARNETT.

In Honor of Judges McCarty and Harter.

FEAST OF WISDOM, FLOW OF WIT

The Outgoing Judge Held in Highest Esteem by Members of the Stark County Bar—Letters of Regret from Prominent Attorneys.

Canton, Feb. 8.—The banquet tendered to Retiring Judge T. T. McCarty and to his successor, Judge-elect Henry W. Harter, at the Barnett House, Friday night, was one of the most enjoyable affairs of the kind ever held in Stark county, and in a measure indicated the esteem in which the guests of honor are held by the members of the bar.

The committee on arrangements for the banquet, which was composed of Judge Jacob F. Pawcett, Judge Ralph S. Ambler, Austin Lynch, of this city; Eugene Willison, of Massillon, and D. E. Rogers, of Alliance, looked well after those things that added to the pleasures of those who surrounded the festal board.

At 7:30 o'clock the members of the bar began to gather in the parlors of the hotel, and the time which elapsed from that hour until the dining room doors were thrown open was spent in card playing, social chat and listening to the strains of music played by the Canton Orchestral club.

At 9 o'clock Proprietor W. J. Foley announced that the banquet service was in waiting, and in a few moments adjournment was taken to the dining room, which was prettily arranged with flowers and other decorations. For about two hours the members of the bar discussed the service of a splendid menu, while music by the Orchestral club was enjoyed throughout. The menu:

- Blue Points.
- Celery, Queen Olives, Salted Almonds.
- Fresh Lobsters a la Newburg.
- Green Peas.
- Broiled Squab.
- Potato Croquettes, Tips of Asparagus.
- Chablis Mousseux.
- Catletails of Sweetbreads.
- Candied Sweet Potatoes.
- Head Lettuce, French Dressing.
- Tutti Frutti Ice Cream.
- Angel Cake.
- Macaroons.
- Fruit.
- Cigars.
- Cafe Noir.

After dinner, chairs were pushed back and cigars lighted, and the bar-keepers and guests were treated to a feast of wisdom and a flow of wit. Toastmaster Charles Krichbaum rapped for order and made an address, which was frequently interrupted by applause.

At the conclusion of his address Attorney Krichbaum read a number of letters of regret from United States Circuit Judge William R. Day, Judge Peter M. Smith, of Wellsville, and a joint letter from Circuit Judges S. M. Douglas and R. M. Voorhees, who said that they were unable to be present owing to the death of the mother of their colleague, Judge M. H. Donahoe. Mr. Krichbaum also announced that a telephone message had been received stating that Judge Billingsley, of Lisbon, had been taken ill and sent his regrets that he could not be present.

The letter of regret from Judge William R. Day was listened to with especial interest, and the sentiments expressed were heartily applauded by the assembled attorneys. Judge Day said in part: "I can bear cordial witness to the ability, impartiality and untiring industry with which Judge McCarty has discharged his duties. I can think of but one thing that will reconcile the people and the bar to the loss of his judicial services, and that is that he is to be followed by so worthy a man and capable a lawyer as Judge Harter. Permit me to join in a 'well done' to Judge McCarty, and the best wishes for the success of Judge Harter."

Charles C. Bow, in a neat address, responded to the toast, "Our Guests," saying in part:

"In pursuance to the custom of the Stark county bar we have assembled here to pay our respects to the retiring judge and to his successor. To Judge McCarty I will say, 'Well done, thou good and faithful servant of the people; go way back and sit down.' I will suggest that when Judge Harter ascends to the seat now vacant that he give Judge McCarty to understand in his first case that it must be tried, and that neither death, nor earthquake, nor anything else can interfere. The Stark county bar has in the past extended banquets to Judges

Joseph Froug, Scraphim Meyer, Anson Pease, William R. Day and Isaac H. Taylor, names synonymous with honor, ability, integrity and good judgment. To that list we now add the name of Thomas T. McCarty. We can look at that galaxy of jurists with pride and congratulate ourselves that the robe of judicial authority in this county has never been sullied."

Judge McCarty was next presented by the toastmaster and received an ovation from the members of the bar. Judge McCarty showed emotion as he spoke. In the course of his remarks he referred to the fact that he was elected to his first term on the bench on the ticket on which the late President McKinley was elected governor of the state, and was elected for his second term on the ticket which elected Mr. McKinley as president the first time. In closing his address, Judge McCarty said: "Gentlemen of the bar, while the judicial cloth that I have borne as well as I could for ten years, will fall upon the shoulders of my friend, Judge Harter, let us congratulate ourselves that the judicial emine will be kept untarnished; and he and our own Judge Ambler will never allow it to trail in the dust, but will take delight in administering justice to the rich and poor alike, without respect to person. Let me bespeak for them, and for each of them, that same cordial, kindly aid and assistance which have so ably and bountifully characterized your conduct toward me, all along my judicial career."

Judge Henry W. Harter was next introduced in an appropriate manner by his law partner, Mr. Krichbaum, and after the hearty applause had subsided, spoke in an appreciative and eloquent way.

Harry B. Webber responded to the sentiment, "Our Clients."

Judge I. B. Taylor, in responding to the toast, "To the Judges—Make Your Mistakes Quickly," commenced as follows: "As intimated by the toastmaster, I guess there was a little conspiracy in the matter of my toast. I suggested to the committee that I speak on the subject, 'The First Thing We Do—Let's Kill All the Lawyers,' an expression taken from Henry VIII. I believe. The committee opposed this, of course." Judge Taylor was given close attention throughout his eloquent address and at its conclusion was given a round of applause.

After the regular programme had been carried out, impromptu speeches were made by Judges Hole and Ambler, and Toastmaster Krichbaum then closed the banquet after the members of the bar had paid reverence to the departed members by standing in silence for a few moments.

BONDSMAN GOTHIM

James Adams Arrested at Home of His Brother.

UNDER INDICTMENT FOR ARSON.

C. H. Purcell, of Winchester, Va., Had Given Bail for \$500 to Secure Adams' Release—When Adams Left Purcell Had Himself Made a Deputy Officer and Followed Him.

James Adams, wanted at Winchester, Va., for jumping bail, was arrested at the home of his brother, William Adams, five miles west of Massillon, Thursday evening, by Policeman Ertle and Deputy Constable C. H. Purcell, of Winchester. Adams is under indictment for arson. He is a farmer, and is said to have burned his barn to collect the insurance a short time ago.

Purcell is Adams' bondsman. The bond is for \$500. When Purcell discovered that Adams was missing from his home he immediately had himself deputized as an officer, and, with requisition papers in his possession, arrived in Massillon Thursday.

With Adams in charge Purcell Thursday night returned to Winchester. Adams declared he was not attempting to run away, but simply wanted to pay his brother a visit.

DOGS RAID HENNERY.

Thirty-five Full Grown Chickens Killed Friday Night.

Crystal Spring, Feb. 8.—Five large dogs raided the hen house belonging to Thomas Lindsay, Friday night, and killed thirty-five full grown chickens. Mr. Lindsay reached the coop in time to save three chickens and one turkey from the hungry jaws of the dogs.

Only one remedy in the world that will at once stop itching of the skin in any part of the body: Doan's Ointment. At any drug store, 50 cents.

THE INDEPENDENT

THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY,
INDEPENDENT BUILDING,
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THE EVENING INDEPENDENT is on
sale at Bahney's Book Store, Ham-
merton's cigar stand (Hotel Conrad),
and Bert Hankin's News stand in
North Mill street.



MONDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1903.

Representative Williams, of Mahoning county, is a reformer. Not satisfied with reforming the liquor laws, he is now after the most common sort of public offender. On Monday he introduced a bill to punish people who exhortate in churches, public halls or in street cars. He makes the penalty so high that this sort of indulgence will be a real luxury under the bill. The first offense, if detected, will cost \$10. Subsequent indulgences will cost \$25 or 30 days in jail, or both, according to the temper of the judge.

The German government has decided to attach agricultural experts to the important German consulates. The first of these experts will be sent to the United States, where agricultural developments are now more carefully observed than formerly. This action is understood to be one of the results of the increasing use of American farm machinery in Germany, and the belief that the American system of farming on a large scale might be adapted to the princely estates of Germany.

Judge Thomas T. McCarty leaves the bench with the universal respect and good will of his fellow citizens. Few men in this vicinity are more widely known than he and it would be difficult to find one whose acquaintances in all walks of life hold him in more cordial regard. It is probable that although Judge McCarty's active duties in the Ninth judicial district of the common pleas court are over, he will continue to be a useful and important factor in the affairs of the community.

The trusts are no doubt satisfied with present conditions.—Mansfield Shield.

Lots of people outside of trusts are satisfied, too. The professional aversion to prosperity is being worked over time. The fellows who two years ago were quivering with indignation against corporations are now members of corporations themselves or else want to be. The Shield must get out into the old world, read the newspapers, or buy an oil well. This tendency to yield to an old habit should be overcome at any cost.

Turkey's attitude in the case of Miss Eileen M. Stone, the captive American missionary, may bring that government into complications with the United States. A great deal of dissatisfaction is being expressed over the failure of the negotiations for the release of Miss Stone and her companion, Mme. Tsilka and it is evident that the failure was due to the unnecessary and arbitrary interference on the part of Turkish soldiers. Turkey will undoubtedly be called upon for an explanation and from the present outlook it will be extremely difficult to concoct one which can in any degree satisfy the American administration.

No industry, apparently, is enjoying greater prosperity than that which involves the production and manufacture of iron and steel and owing to the policy of the United States Steel Corporation this condition bids fair to continue for a long time to come. The decision of the management to enlighten its stockholders at regular intervals regarding the result obtained from their property is an indication that all industrial companies will in time have to yield to the imperative demand of the public for frequent and lucid reports of their operations. Railway companies were slow in yielding to this demand, but at the present day there is hardly one that does not do so even to a greater extent than is required by law.

Estimates of the mineral products of the United States indicate that they will exceed in nearly every particular those of any preceding year and also exceed in nearly every particular those of every other country. In gold, in silver, in iron, in steel, in copper, in coal and in mineral oil, the products of the United States in 1900 are ahead, and in every instance except possibly copper, surpass her own record of any preceding year. The estimates of gold and silver production are from the mint bureau, and those of pig iron, copper, steel and mineral oil from the Engineering and Mining Journal. These estimates put the gold production of 1901 at

\$80,218,800, against \$79,171,000 in 1900, which was the highest record in gold production that the United States had ever made.

It appears that there is actually one place in Germany where American machinery is not known. The fact is so strange as to be noteworthy. Writing from Reichenburg, Bohemia, United States Consul F. W. Mahin says that most of the factory machinery in his district comes from Great Britain, some from Germany and that a small part is of local production. "The field is so great," he says, "as to be worth a vigorous and permanent effort to get a footing in it; but nothing can be done with circulars and trade periodicals, especially when printed in English. During the past summer a firm at Dresden, Germany, advertised American farm machinery in a Reichenburg newspaper. Soon thereafter, and possibly as a result thereof, I saw an American mowder at work in a neighboring meadow—the first and only American machine I have seen in this district."

THE METRIC SYSTEM.

An incident worth noting as illustrating the desirability of the adoption of the metric system in the United States, is the only important manufacturing nation still employing the old system, is given by Consul-General Skinner at Marseilles in a recent report to the state department. Mr. Skinner says:

"In August of last year, the United States naval collier Scindia arrived at this port, with boiler tubes burnt out, and under urgent orders to proceed to Manila. The ship came to Marseilles, as it was considered, and in fact was, the port best equipped to make the absolutely essential repairs. Every facility was offered for the prompt refitting of the boilers by local contractors, but it was found that all the tubing in the city had been manufactured in France, and according to metric dimensions, and none of it could be utilized in the Scindia's boilers without forcing the shells. There was the variation of a hair's breadth in the dimensions, but it was sufficient to prevent the work from being accomplished, and orders had to be cabled to the United States for material, which was brought over on one of the German steamers—probably at express rates—and delivered at Naples, where the repairs were eventually carried out. The ship was delayed two or three weeks, in consequence of the fact that her boiler had been built upon a scale of feet and inches, while European tubing was manufactured according to the metric system."

COUNTY SEAT NEWS.

Canton, Feb. 7.—With the adjournment of court at 1:30 o'clock this Friday, afternoon is concluded the ten years of faithful and honorable service of Judge Thomas T. McCarty as a presiding judge in the Ninth judicial district of common pleas court. Judge McCarty's term will not expire until Saturday at midnight. Unless there are matters of utmost importance to clear up it is not customary to hold court on Saturdays and it is announced that there will be no court tomorrow. Judge McCarty will be on hand, however, to pass upon any matter that may demand his immediate attention, such as temporary injunctions, alternative writs of mandamus and similar matters that can be attended to while off the bench.

The common pleas court jury was excused by Judge McCarty at 8:30 o'clock Friday morning until 8:30 o'clock Monday morning. Judge McCarty excused the jury as the cases on the week's assignment for jury trial were either finished or ready for trial. The court devoted the forenoon to hearing arguments on motions and demurrers and passing on them. Next Monday morning common pleas court will open in both court rooms Nos. 1 and 2. Henry W. Harter, who succeeds Judge McCarty, will preside in court room No. 1 and Judge Ambler in court room No. 2. The assignment of cases for the week is as follows:

ROOM NO. 1.

Monday, Feb. 10.—Hearing motion docket; Ohio vs. Shaffer; Ohio vs. Shaffer; Hutter vs. Volzer.
Tuesday—Ohio vs. Worley; Ohio vs. Popp; Wallover vs. Klein & Heileman; Co.; Rickard vs. Neuhertz.
Wednesday—Ohio vs. Numan; Ohio vs. Numan; Brown vs. Skinner; Novetty Iron Co. vs. Nye Mfg. Co.
Thursday—Ohio vs. Popp; Ohio vs. Klein; Ohio vs. Klein; Ohio vs. Klein; Werner vs. Folwell et al.
Friday—Lefle vs. Canton City Bottling Works; Lucas vs. Sheriff Zaiser; Hoffman et al vs. Hoffman et al; Novetty Iron Co. vs. Young.

ROOM NO. 2.

Monday, Feb. 10.—Hearing motion docket; In the matter of the Tuscarawas Glassis Grassman vs. Stoner; Ryan vs. Pennsylvania Co.; News-Democrat Pub. Co. vs. Monnet.
Tuesday—News-Democrat Pub. Co. vs. Democrat Pub. Co.'s assignee; Hardyway & Co. vs. Wrought Iron Bridge Co.; Toledo Mutual Sign and Advertising Co. vs. Clewell; Vignos vs. Graff et al.
Wednesday—Zimmerman vs. Miller et al.; The Building and Lumber Co. vs. Duff; Ward & Gow vs. Joseph Biechele Soap Co.; Rice et al vs. Lib-

erty Council No. 70, Jr. O. U. A. M. Thursday—Peck vs. New England Carnival and Promoting Co.; Hart & Krichbaum vs. Putman's assignee; Reemot Co. vs. Borroway; Lefle vs. Bonnot Co.

GIFT OF SUN DIAL.

A New Ornament for the Hospital Grounds.

FROM THE HON. B. S. AMBLER.

Mr. Ambler Expected to Present the Dial to the Late President McKinley, but After the Latter's Death, Decided to Give it to Superintendent Eyman—Other Hospital News.

Superintendent H. C. Eyman, of the Massillon state hospital, has received a very beautiful, as well as useful present, in the form of a sun dial. The gift was received Thursday from the Hon. B. S. Ambler, of Salem, recently appointed supreme judge of the Philippine Islands by President Roosevelt. Some time before the President and Mrs. McKinley went to the Pan-American exposition, Mr. Ambler, who was a very warm friend of the President, ordered the sun dial made with the intention of presenting it to him on his return to Canton. After Mr. McKinley's death Mr. Ambler decided to present it to Dr. Eyman.

The dial is made of solid copper. It is about a foot in diameter and weighs six pounds. It has all the points of the compass on its face also the figures from one to eight and from four to twelve. Half and quarter hour marks are located between the hour marks so that one can tell within a few minutes the correct time of day. The indicator is erected at an angle of 45 degrees. Superintendent Eyman intends to have the dial placed upon a stone pedestal in front of the administration building at such a point that the sun can shine upon it at any hour of the day.

Mrs. White, a nurse at the hospital, has returned to her home at Mt. Vernon.

Rehearsals are in progress for another play which will be given in the near future.

A masquerade ball will be given February 21.

About fifty persons from Canton attended the weekly dance Friday evening.

Miss Eva Lewis, of Cleveland, who has been the guest of Miss Ethel Eyman for the past five weeks, has returned home.

The two cottages which were recently completed are now awaiting the proper furnishings. They will accommodate about one hundred and fifty patients.

The following persons from Canton were the guests of Dr. and Mrs. E. L. Emerich Friday evening: Mr. and Mrs. J. P. T. Walker, Mrs. Shoff, Miss Brown, Mr. and Mrs. Charles T. Carlston. They took supper with Dr. and Mrs. Emerich, after which they attended the dance.

Frank Edelman, fireman, is spending a few days with his parents in Mansfield.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Brown, who have had charge of the general dining room have resigned and have returned to their home at Mt. Pleasant, Ia. No one has as yet been selected to fill their positions.

Arthur Lyons has resigned his position as night operator and has left for his home in Mt. Pleasant, Ia.

Mrs. S. O. Latimer, wife of the steward, who has been quite ill with grip, is improving.

Miss Beach, of Mt. Vernon, has accepted a position as attendant in the hospital.

Miss Callie Shaffer is spending a few days at her home at Wapakoneta.

To Cure a Cough

stop coughing, as it irritates the lungs, and gives them no chance to heal. Foley's Honey and Tar cures without causing a strain in throwing off the phlegm like common cough expectorants. Rider & Snyder.

Coughs and colds, down to the very borderland of consumption, yield to the soothing healing influence of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

Frost Bites and Chublines

Quickly cured by Bannan Salve, the most healing remedy in the world. Rider & Snyder.



TEDDY, JR., VERY ILL.

But President Roosevelt Received Word He Was Better, Last Night.

HIS MOTHER STARTED TO HIM.

The Boy Suffering From Pneumonia.

His Illness Somewhat Changed the Plans of the Trip to Charleston.

S. C., Exposition.

Washington, Feb. 8.—Late information received at the White House last night from the president's son at Groton, Mass., was that his condition was a little more favorable. The president feels encouraged to hope that it may continue so and that the necessity for a visit to Groton might be avoided.

Groton, Mass., Feb. 8.—The condition of Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., son of President Roosevelt, and a student at Groton school, who is ill of pneumonia, was reported at 9 o'clock last night as being "as comfortable as could be expected." Those who are in attendance at the lad's bedside declined to give anything more definite. It was understood at the school, however, that the patient showed some improvement during yesterday afternoon and last evening.

School Practically Deserted.

Today will find the school practically deserted, for a majority of the 160 students departed for their homes during yesterday afternoon and the rest were to leave this morning.

On receipt of word that Mrs. Roosevelt would come to Ayer from Boston on the first morning train, arrangements were made to meet her at the station. The school is about a half mile north from the closed.

The school has been closed for two weeks owing to much sickness.

Washington, Feb. 8.—Mrs. Roosevelt, the wife of the president, left Washington at 4:50 o'clock yesterday afternoon for Groton, Mass., where their son, Theodore, Jr., is lying seriously ill of pneumonia. She was expected to arrive at 10:33 this morning. Mrs. Roosevelt was accompanied only by a maid.

The first information to reach the president and Mrs. Roosevelt of the illness of their son was received at the White House by telegraph at 9:20 yesterday morning. The message was signed by the president of the college where the young man is a pupil and stated in effect that a slight indisposition had developed into an acute and sharp attack of pneumonia, and that he was seriously ill. Another message received during the cabinet meeting stated that the young man's temperature was 104. Several rather reassuring messages were received at the White House during the late afternoon yesterday and the early evening last night from Groton, the tenor of which was that the condition of the president's son at that time was satisfactory to the attending physicians.

Changed President's Plans.

The illness of Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., has changed very greatly the plans of the president for his trip to Charleston to visit the exposition there. The trip possibly may have to be abandoned altogether, but the present purpose is to make a flying visit to the exposition and to return immediately after the most important functions in which it has been arranged the presidential party should participate. No ladies will accompany the presidential party owing to the absence of Mrs. Roosevelt and the hurried nature of the modified arrangements. The president instead of leaving here Monday night, will not start until Tuesday morning. He will go direct to Charleston and will take part in the exercises of Wednesday and be present at the banquet, and then will return to Washington, reaching here some time Thursday. The three cabinet officers who it was announced heretofore would accompany the president, Secretary Cortelyou and a stenographer will comprise the entire party as now arranged.

KING EDWARD

RECEIVED C. M. SCHWAB.

London, Feb. 8.—Mr. Schwab had half an hour's audience with King Edward at Marlborough house yesterday afternoon. Mr. Schwab was accompanied by Sir Thomas Lipton, who introduced him to his Majesty.

Turner Spoke on Philippine Question.

Washington, Feb. 8.—The Philippine tariff bill was taken up early in the senate yesterday. The session was notably quiet. Mr. Turner, of Wisconsin, delivered a carefully prepared speech on the general Philippine question, and had not concluded when the bill was laid aside for the day. He discussed particularly the legal and constitutional questions involved in the government and control of the Philippine archipelago by the United States. After the adoption of only minor amendments the pension appropriation bill was passed early in the session.

To Erect Open Hearth Plants.

Youngstown, O., Feb. 8.—The Youngstown Iron, Sheet and Tube company purchased 40 acres of land adjoining its plant here, upon which it will erect two large open hearth steel plants, to supply its several departments with raw material.

DINNER TO PRINCE HENRY.

Toasts to the Prince, and to by prominent Journalists, at Senate Zeilung's Feast.

New York, Feb. 8.—Plans for the dinner in honor of Prince Henry, to be tendered the American press by the New York Staats Zeitung, Feb. 26, are nearing completion. More than 1,400 invitations have been sent to representatives of daily papers throughout the country, and the following toasts have been arranged: "Welcome to Our Disbursed Guest," by Herman Kilder. Responded to by Prince Henry.

"The Emperor of Germany and the President of the United States," responded to by Whiteley Reid, of the New York Tribune. "The Tie that Binds," responded to by St. Clair McKelway, of the Brooklyn Daily Eagle. "Saxon Blood—What We Owe to Germany in Literature, Art, Science and Music," responded to by Charles Emory Smith, Philadelphia Press. "International Amity," responded to by Charles W. Knapp, St. Louis Republic.

Mayor Low announced yesterday that, at the request of Secretary of State Hay and the authorities at Washington, the date of the ceremony of presenting to Prince Henry the freedom of the city had been changed from Tuesday, Feb. 25, to Saturday, Feb. 22.

"The Kaiser's yacht," the mayor said, "is to be launched on the 25th, and the authorities at Washington are afraid that there will be no time for both ceremonies on that day. We shall have therefore to present the prince the freedom of the city on Saturday, the day that he arrives. That will be just as appropriate, or more so, than the other arrangement."

INDUSTRIES GREW.

BIG INCREASE IN MANUFACTURING IN PENNSYLVANIA.

Census Bureau Issued Preliminary Report, Comparing Conditions

In 1900 to 1890.

Washington, Feb. 8.—The census bureau yesterday issued a preliminary report on the manufacturing industries of Pennsylvania in 1900, compared with the returns of the census 10 years ago. The figures for the state, with the increase for the decade, follow:

Number of establishments, 52,187; increase, 33 per cent. Capital, \$1,551,548,712; increase, 57 per cent. Wage earners, average number, 733,834; increase, 29 per cent. Total wages, \$322,072,470; increase, 26 per cent. Miscellaneous expenses, \$124,344,265; increase, 80 per cent. Cost of materials used, \$1,042,561,628; increase, 55 per cent. Value of products, including custom work and republishing, \$1,935,104,141; increase, 78 per cent. The capital and the value of the products in the cities separately reported follow:

Allentown—Capital, \$50,161,003; increase, 125 per cent. Value of products, \$24,159,792; increase, 102 per cent.
Allentown—Capital, \$11,996,971; increase, 72 per cent. Products, \$16,947,722; increase, 91 per cent.

Decrease at Altoona.

Altoona—Capital, \$7,298,819; decrease, 1 per cent. Products, \$2,877,528; increase, 23 per cent.
Chester—Capital, \$18,977,701; increase, 102 per cent. Products, \$16,421,725; increase, 38 per cent.
Erie—Capital, \$20,418,016; increase, 59 per cent. Products, \$19,053,202; increase, 48 per cent.
Harrisburg—Capital, \$8,749,616; increase, 30 per cent. Products, \$16,064,597; increase, 52 per cent.
Johnstown—Capital, \$16,940,450; increase, 28 per cent. Products, \$22,559,890; increase, 23 per cent.
Lancaster—Capital, \$10,803,464; increase, 41 per cent. Products, \$16,370,280; increase, 44 per cent.

McKeesport—Capital, \$17,576,016; increase, 63 per cent. Products, \$37,074,136; increase, 113 per cent.
Philadelphia—Capital, \$476,591,792; increase, 27 per cent. Products, \$603,587,392; increase 5 per cent.
Pittsburg—Capital, \$193,122,400; increase, 78 per cent. Products, \$203,238,426; increase, 60 per cent.

Reading—Capital, \$27,975,628; increase, 99 per cent. Products, \$26,592,511; increase, 77 per cent.
Scranton—Capital, \$19,954,525; increase, 23 per cent. Products, \$27,646,418; increase, 14 per cent.
Wilkesbarre—Capital, \$10,501,537; increase, 88 per cent. Products, \$11,758,347; increase, 39 per cent.
Williamsport—Capital, \$9,863,811; decrease, 20 per cent. Products, \$11,199,600; increase, eight-tenths of 1 per cent.

York—Capital, \$9,640,784; increase, 151 per cent. Products, \$11,961,706; increase, 100 per cent.
The following cities were not separately reported in 1890:
Easton—Capital, \$4,829,879; products, \$6,746,078.
New Castle—Capital, \$13,308,220; products, \$21,179,072.
Norristown—Capital, \$4,059,449; products, \$4,821,745.
Shenandoah—Capital, \$374,057; products, \$179,326.

POPE PRESENT AT MASS

IN MEMORY OF PIUS IX.

Rome, Feb. 8.—The pope was present at a mass in the Sistine chapel yesterday, the twenty-fourth anniversary of the death of Pope Pius IX. His holiness pronounced the absolute in a clear, strong voice.

BUY LAND FROM FRIARS.

Then Open it to Settlement—Taft Thinks It Would Help Pacify Filipinos.

Washington, Feb. 8.—The senate committee on the Philippines continued its consideration of the question of the revenues of the Philippine islands. Governor Taft still being on the stand. His testimony was in part:

"Do you consider it is important that we should buy the lands of the friars and open them up for settlement?" asked Mr. Lodge.

"Yes, sir, I do," was the reply. "There is not a more important recommendation made to congress than that it would tend to the improvement and pacification of the islands."

"The governor had no doubt that the lands could be bought at reasonable prices, if authority for the issuance of bonds were given the commission. Altogether there are about 400,000 acres owned by the friars, and they are among the best in the islands."

"There is nothing," he said, in which they are more interested and which arouses the people more than the question of the friars' lands. In Cavite, where there are 125,000 acres, the instructions have always started, and the reason has always been the objections of the people to the friars. The people who are now occupying these lands refuse to pay rent, and law suits are necessary to enable the friars to collect. The idea of free possession of the lands is, of course, getting more popular, and it will grow unless we do something very quickly and the feeling will affect other owners of lands. We will have an agrarian question to meet. I favor buying the lands and then selling them to the people."

"Will the friars cease to be a disturbing element when a dispossessing element of their lands?" inquired Mr. Burton.

"Where the pressure is there will be heart to the friars," was the reply. "When the friars cease to have landed interests in the Philippines we hope they will seek other countries where they are not so unpopular."

House Passed a Supply Bill.

Washington, Feb. 8.—The house yesterday passed the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill, the second of the regular supply bills, which passed at 12:55, \$25,377,969, as passed, it carries \$25,377,969, which is \$592,721 in excess of the current law. Only two amendments of importance were adopted. One provides for a commission to redistribute the legislative districts of Oklahoma and the other authorizes the president in his discretion to cover into the civil service the temporary clerical force employed on account of the war with Spain. There are about 1,250 of these clerks still in the service. By the terms of the amendment the president must place all or none of them under the civil service.

POOL ROOMS WERE HARD HIT.

Beaten Out of Over \$20,000 Through Wire Tapping.

Cincinnati, Feb. 8.—When the Covington and Newport pool rooms were hit Thursday evening for more than \$20,000 there were many surmises as to how it was done, but it was claimed yesterday that the wires were tapped at some point north of Dayton, O., as other pool rooms were hit south of here and none north of Dayton.

Most of the money from the pool rooms here was secured from visitors from Dayton, and it was won on Lady Kent in the last race at New Orleans. The pool room men claim that their report was delayed 15 minutes, whereby each of the four rooms were hit for more than \$4,000 on that race. The telegraph company and the pool room men have instituted an investigation, which, they say, will result in sensational developments soon.

SEVENTEEN GUARDS

KILLED BY PRISONERS.

Colon, Feb. 8.—Ninety-four insurgent prisoners who were confined at Cartagena, surprised and overpowered their guards and killed 17 of them on Tuesday. The prisoners then escaped.

Attorney's Probably Fatal Leap.

Athens, O., Feb. 8.—David Dille, an attorney of Glouster, was walking on a bridge on the Kanawha and Michigan railroad last evening, when a train approached, and, fearing he would be caught, Dille jumped, alighting on the ice 30 feet below. His skull was fractured, his hip broken and he was injured internally. He cannot recover.

Schleys Given an Ovation.

Asheville, N. C., Feb. 8.—Admiral and Mrs. Schley were given an ovation here yesterday afternoon on their way from Knoxville to Washington. The train stopped 20 minutes and during that time Mrs. Schley was presented a large bouquet by local Knights Templar and the admiral spoke briefly to the throng at the station.

SEALED VERDICT IN

HARRIS MEEK CASE.

Clearfield, Pa., Feb. 8.—The Harris Meek libel case, which has convulsed political circles throughout the state of Pennsylvania for the past month, went to the jury late yesterday afternoon. The verdict was sealed, to be read this morning. It was believed last night that it would be not guilty, but must pay costs.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Beattie, of Pittsburg, are guests at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Lee F. Graybill.

Mr. and Mrs. John Riese have taken up their residence in this city. Mrs. Riese was formerly Mrs. John Kohl.

The Rev. Mr. Tappin, of Tennessee, is holding a revival at the A. M. E. Zion Church. The services begin every evening at 7:30.

Tom Dillon has resigned his position as coach cleaner on the C. & W. railroad and has accepted one as fireman on the W. & L. E.

Richard Powell and Julius Deja, of McBride, Mich., are visiting in the city. They have just returned from England, where they spent the past several weeks.

The pupils of Miss Bowman's class of the public schools made up a sleighing party which went to Navarre Friday afternoon, taking supper at the Navarre hotel.

The members of the Ladies' Sewing Society of St. John's Evangelical church were entertained at the home of Mrs. Helen Wagner, on West Main street, Friday.

Miss Theresa Houk and Harvey Wendling were married at the parsonage of St. John's Evangelical church Thursday evening, the Rev. J. E. Dinkel officiating. They will reside in Massillon.

Twenty-three young people enjoyed a bob-sled ride to the home of Balser Seifert, in Jackson township, Friday evening. Progressive euchre was played, and the prizes were won by Miss Adeline Ertle and Thomas Stephan.

Lincoln council of the Junior Order of American Mechanics, will entertain the members of the Dalton council Tuesday evening. There will be imitations by the team of Lincoln council, the candidates being Dalton men. A social session will follow.

About thirty members of the State street grammar school enjoyed a sleigh ride to Navarre Thursday evening. On their return they were the guests of Miss Gills, in Akron street. Music and games were the chief amusements after which a buffet supper was served.

At a meeting of the Alliance city council, Thursday afternoon, thirteen bond ordinances, aggregating \$125,000, were passed. This is to be used for defraying the expenses of street paving. All the principal streets in the business portion of the city will be paved with brick or asphalt.

St. Mary's church social held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Warth, in Thorne street, Thursday evening, was a financial and social success. The net proceeds were \$10.75. Progressive euchre was played at eight o'clock. The prize winners were Mrs. G. G. Paul and Miss Dressler.

It is understood, on the best authority, that six miles of road between West Lebanon and Justus are to be built at once. This road is on the line of the proposed branch between Wooster and Minerva, and when the line is built can readily be utilized as a part of the main track.—Wooster Republican.

The Lashon city council has ordered that all workhouse prisoners shall be sent to Cleveland, instead of Canton, as at present, as better terms can be secured from the Cleveland authorities. The Lashon authorities claim that the Canton officials are so lenient with prisoners that the latter are anxious to return there.

The programme of the musicale to be given in the studio of Prof. A. B. Bender in the "Oakland" next Tuesday evening, presents several numbers of more than usual interest, among which are Liszt's Hungarian Fantasia, to be rendered by Mr. E. J. McBride, Mr. McBride, who completed his studies under Prof. Bender, is held in high estimation as a pianist and teacher in Columbus, O., where he has recently resided. He has given concerts in many of the leading cities of the country and on each occasion has won high praise from the critics. He will leave for New York in the near future, where he has accepted an engagement with London G. Charlton, the well known manager.

George Watson and Dr. Condon, of Breckinridge, Col., who have been visiting at the home of the former's sister, Mrs. Orrville Brown, in East South street, today left for Washington. After a few days at the capital they will go to New York, thence to Havana, returning to Colorado over a Southern route. Mr. Watson, now a thorough westerner and the proprietor of a large general store, is a former Massillonian, and this is his first visit to his old home in eleven years. He was much taken with the town as he saw it this time, expressing great satisfaction at the changes which have taken place in recent years and the evidences of progress and prosperity that he saw on every hand. In company with J. A. Shoemaker and other friends of the old days, he, with Dr. Condon, was shown the city's best. Canton was also visited.

Is it a burn? Use Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. A cut? Use Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. At your druggists.

SELL OR LEASE THE CANALS.

Partial Appropriation for Their Maintenance.

Columbus, Feb. 8.—A movement to abandon the canals of the state was disclosed when the partial appropriation bill was reported in the legislature. Provision is made for the maintenance of the state board of public works for only three months of the present year, by which time, it is expected, if present plans shall be carried out, the canals will have been disposed of by the state. The attorney general is preparing a bill providing for selling or leasing the canals.

AT POINT OF DEATH.

Rear Admiral Sampson Passing Away.

SENATOR HANNA'S RECEPTION.

Largest Ever Held in the City of Washington, Two Thousand Persons Being Present.—Bill Introduced for Protection of National Officers.

Washington, Feb. 8.—Rear Admiral Sampson rallied somewhat from the sinking spell which caused his family to believe death was near. The admiral passed a fairly comfortable day and at his home last night it was stated that he was resting quietly. Immediate dissolution is not expected by either his physician or his family. Because of his weakened condition, however, death may soon result. The admiral is unable to leave his bed and realizes nothing of what is going on about him.

Senator and Mrs. Hanna gave last night the largest private reception Washington ever had. A thousand invitations were issued, but as members of the families were included, nearly 2,000 persons shook hands with the chairman of the Republican national committee and his wife. Senator Hanna does things on a large scale. When his daughter made her debut he engaged the chamber of commerce in Cleveland. Last night he took over the Arlington hotel, used all its parlors and its ball room, served a buffet supper that was prodigious in the quantity and quality of its viands, had champagne and punch for all comers.

Chairman Ray, of the House committee on judiciary, yesterday presented the report on the bill for the protection of the President and the suppression of crime against the government. The purposes are summed up as follows: First, prevent resistance, to protect the president and vice president of the United States and those by law in the line of succession; second, protect the ministers and ambassadors of foreign governments accredited to and within the United States; third, prevent the open and deliberate approval of certain crimes and also certain unlawful teaching calculated and intended to breed lawlessness and crime against, and culminate in the destruction of the government; fourth, prevent the coming to or naturalization in this country of those who teach or entertain such pernicious doctrines; fifth, prevent conspiracies in the United States to murder the rulers of other civilized nations; sixth, provide adequate and uniform punishments for these offenses.

The President had a telegram this morning from a physician at Groton, saying that his son's condition is unchanged.

Rear Admiral and Mrs. Schley arrived in Washington this morning.

Owing to the illness of Theodore Roosevelt, jr., who, it is said, is suffering from pneumonia at Groton, Mass., Mrs. Roosevelt left for Groton Friday afternoon, where she probably will remain for several days. Mrs. Roosevelt has been obliged to recall her invitations for a tea next Monday and also to cancel all the engagements in Washington for the present. It is not known yet whether the proposed trip of the President to Charleston, on Monday, will be abandoned. It is known that he will go if his son's condition will warrant it, and much will depend upon Mrs. Roosevelt's report after she reaches the young man's bedside.

YOUNG ROOSEVELT'S ILLNESS.

His Mother Refuses to Give Information for Publication.

Groton, Mass., Feb. 8.—Mrs. Roosevelt has declined to give any information for publication regarding the condition of Theodore, jr. The President will be fully advised, and he will decide what shall be given to the public. Should the son's condition require it, the President will be ready to leave for Groton at a moment's notice on a special train.

Read the "Want" columns daily

AN ODD PAIR, BUT NOT ILL-MATED.

Frank and Georgie, Their Trials and Triumphs.

MANY TIMES IN COURT AND JAIL.

Yingling's Boast is That He Has Had More Law Suits Than Any Other Man in the State, and That He Has Never Squarely Lost One—He Dearly Loves a Case, and it Matters Not Whether He is Plaintiff or Defendant.

Frank Yingling and his eighteen-year-old adopted son, "Georgie" Brown, are an odd pair. But they are not ill-mated. A law-suit, and it matters not whether he be the plaintiff or the defendant, Mr. Yingling loves beyond all other things. But not more so than Georgie. Frank is very careless as to his dress. So is Georgie. Frank cannot see any special virtue in the bath. Georgie can't, either. Frank does not bear a reputation for veracity. Neither does Georgie. Frank is now under arrest, charged with concealing stolen property. Likewise Georgie.

They will have their hearing before Squire Sibilia Tuesday, and the countryside, with much of Massillon, will be on hand to hear the case. It is Yingling's boast that he has been in more cases, civil and criminal, usually as the defendant, than any other man in the state, and that he has never been squarely beaten in any. There have been some compromises but never a completely adverse verdict. Mr. Yingling's boast is not founded in virtue. But he likes to beat the lawyers, and the thought that he can do it is as nuts to the hangering squirrel.

The present case is the most interesting in Yingling's history. Yingling and Brown are charged with appropriating the entire outfit of a blacksmith shop belonging to Philip Soumhalter, and located on a farm where some coal drillers were working for Mr. Soumhalter. Practically all of the tools and other things were recovered, being found on Yingling's farm. Yingling was surprised when the officers found the things. Georgie offered the explanation that forge, anvil and hammers had walked upon the farm and secreted themselves.

Frank's ancient enemy, so he says, is his brother John, who lives on a farm contiguous to his own. They have had many a case in court. Sometimes it is a line fence difficulty, sometimes it is trespassing and sometimes it is malicious destruction of property. Usually the court divides the costs between them, and sends them home. One time Georgie was to be arrested for discharging firearms on Sunday. The case was brought by John Yingling, in a spirit of revenge for a legal defeat, it was claimed. Frank, from the top of a hay stack, saw the officer coming with a warrant. Georgie was instructed to take to the woods. But unfortunately the officer was so close at hand that the escape was doubtful.

"We'll have to get wise and turn the copper's nose the other way," said Frank to Georgie. "When I get him looking away you git."

So, Georgie was stowed away temporarily, and Frank began to beat a corn stalk with a club, all the time calling out "Wink!" "Wink!"

"What's the matter with you, Yingling?" asked the officer.

"There's rats in here, don't you hear them, Wink! Wink! Wink! Bring the dogs, stop lively. Wink! Wink!" The story goes that the officer got interested in trying to get the dogs to find the rats, which existed in Yingling's imagination only, and that Georgie escaped for the time being. Since that time Yingling has been affectionately called "Wink" in police circles. The "Wink" was meant for the squeal of the rat.

In the days of Marshal Fred. Paul, Yingling was at his best. There is a story that the marshal and a policeman went to Yingling's one time to arrest him for something or other. They found Yingling on a straw stack in a cloud of dust, topping it off as the straw left the machine.

"All right, boys," Yingling told the officers, "I'll go with you. But, say, you ain't goin' to make me leave this straw stack in this shape are you? You go into the shade and sit down for fifteen minutes till I get this stack fixed up, and then we'll all go."

The officers went into the shade, the threshing machine continued to shoot forth tons of straw, and the dust on the stack continued to be thick. At last the officers got cooled

off and rested, and they called to Frank that he would have to come down. Receiving no answer they investigated. Frank was not on the stack. The straw was piling itself up. It was days before Frank reappeared. When he did he won his case.

George Brown was arrested one time charged with stealing a suit of base ball garments belonging to Julius Wittmann, from the base ball park. Georgie, with tears in his eyes, swore that he "was at the Lancaster reform farm, strewn" flowers on the dead heroes' graves" on the Memorial Day that the clothes were stolen. George was very young then. The court told him not to cry, and discharged him. Afterwards it was learned Georgie had been sent home from the farm long before Memorial Day. The base ball garments were recovered.

The mother of Georgie used to be Yingling's housekeeper. Recently Frank and Georgie have been doing their own housekeeping. No one knows where Mrs. Brown is.

HIS JAW BROKEN.

And Otherwise Injured Was F. Ungashick.

ACCIDENT IN STANWOOD MINE.

Navarre, O., Feb. 6.—A great mass of slate fell upon Frank Ungashick, of this place, in the Stanwood mine, Wednesday. One of his jaws is broken in two places, and he is badly bruised about the head and shoulders. Ungashick is a widower, 35 years old.

Canton young people held a dance at the Navarre hotel last evening. An Italian orchestra furnished the music. One of the musicians was taken suddenly ill at the close of the dance. Dr. Shetler found him suffering from internal hemorrhages. He was sent to the Aultman hospital Thursday.

URBAN HILL.
Urban Hill, Feb. 8.—John Newstetter, of Canton, visited relatives here Sunday of last week.

David Zeigler made a business trip to Massillon last Thursday.

Protracted meeting which has been in progress at the U. B. church closed last Tuesday evening.

The body of Mrs. Williams was interred in the U. B. cemetery last Friday.

The pleasure seekers of this vicinity are utilizing the good sleighing which is now in progress.

While returning from Canal Fulton last Thursday evening, Edward Buttermore, Miss Grace Buttermore and Miss Grace Newstetter were thrown into a snow drift by the upsetting of the cutter.

H. M. Anderson and family visited the home of the Rev. Mr. Miller last Friday.

PATRIOTISM AND ANARCHY

The Rev. J. F. Nugent's Lecture Friday Evening.

A fair sized audience heard the Rev. J. F. Nugent deliver a lecture on "Patriotism and Anarchy," at the Armory Friday evening, under the auspices of Massillon council, Knights of Columbus. What the audience lacked in numbers was made up in enthusiasm and appreciation. The Rev. H. V. Kaempker, rector of St. Mary's church, introduced the speaker. Father Nugent began his lecture by stating that the American people, before the death of McKinley had looked upon anarchy as an evil almost entirely peculiar to Europe, but that now they regard it as belonging to America as well as to the old world. He said that a case of anarchy should be thoroughly diagnosed before judgment be pronounced; that the germ of anarchy can be detected just as the germ of a physical disease can be detected and destroyed. The American people, said Father Nugent, were far too hasty in rising up and letting their senses get away from them at the time of the assassination of President McKinley. It was shocking to see a people, as far advanced in civilization as we are, spring up and cry for blood without first giving the case a proper diagnosis. Anarchy, he said, is located between religion and patriotism. One cannot find an instance where anarchy has made a nation nor pulled one down; but several nations have been torn down by both religious and patriotic people.

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